

Maternelle risikofaktorer for cerebral parese hos barnet

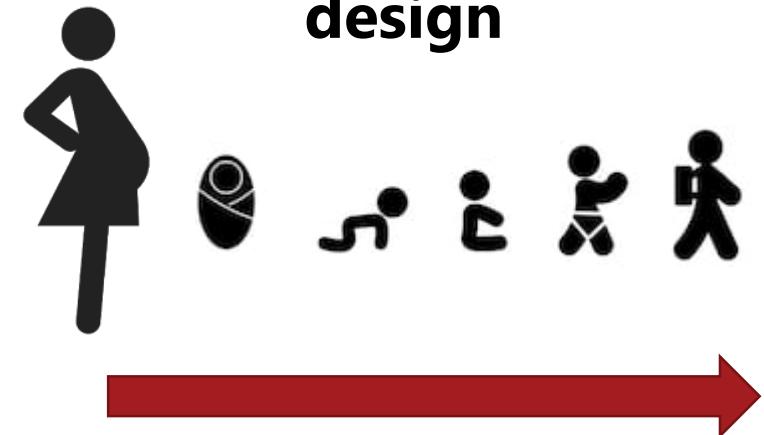
Tanja Gram Petersen
Ph.D., Klinisk epidemiolog
CPOP dag 21. maj 2019



BAGGRUND



**Retrospektivt
design**



**Prospektivt
design**

≈ 200.000 børn i MOBAND (MOthers and BABies in Norway and Denmark)
kohorten



Det norske cerebral parese register

≈ 1,3 mio. børn i danske registre



Det danske cerebral parese register

MILDE SMERTESTILLEND MEDICINER I GRAVIDITETEN



International Journal of Epidemiology, 2018, 121–130

doi: 10.1093/ije/dyx235

Advance Access Publication Date: 14 November 2017

Original article



Prenatal and Early Life Exposures

Use of paracetamol, ibuprofen or aspirin in pregnancy and risk of cerebral palsy in the child

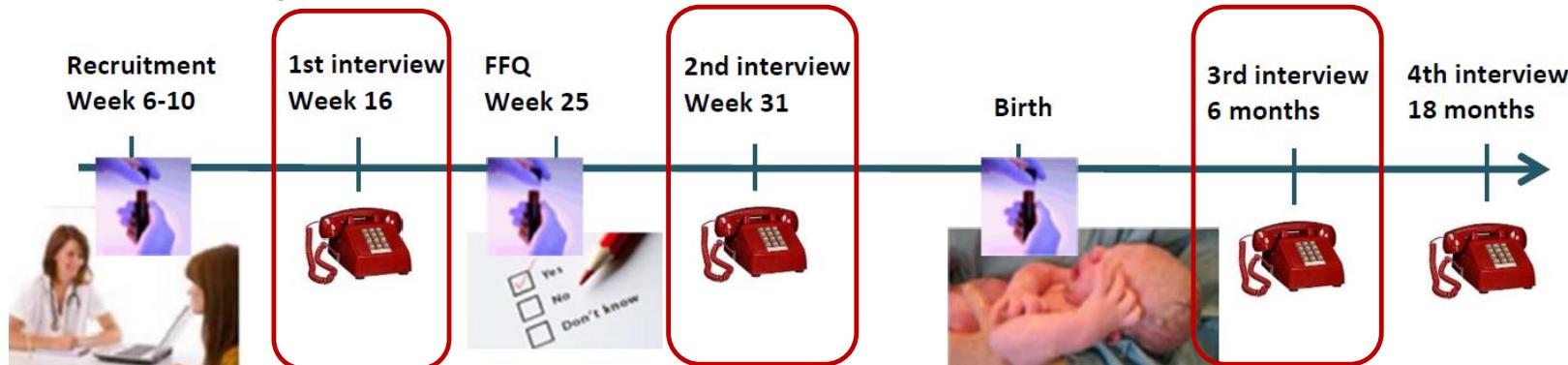
Tanja Gram Petersen,^{1*} Zeyan Liew,² Anne-Marie Nybo Andersen,¹
Guro L Andersen,³ Per Kragh Andersen,⁴ Torben Martinussen,⁴
Jørn Olsen,⁵ Cristina Rebordosa,⁶ Mette Christophersen Tollånes,⁷
Peter Uldall,⁸ Allen J Wilcox⁹ and Katrine Strandberg-Larsen¹

MOBAND DATA



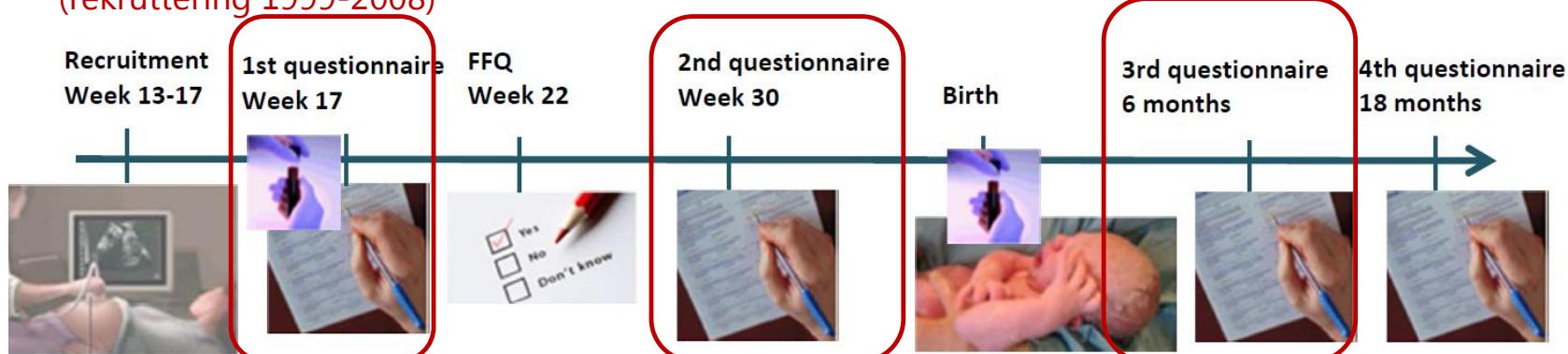
Bedre sundhed
i generationer

(rekryttering 1996-2002)



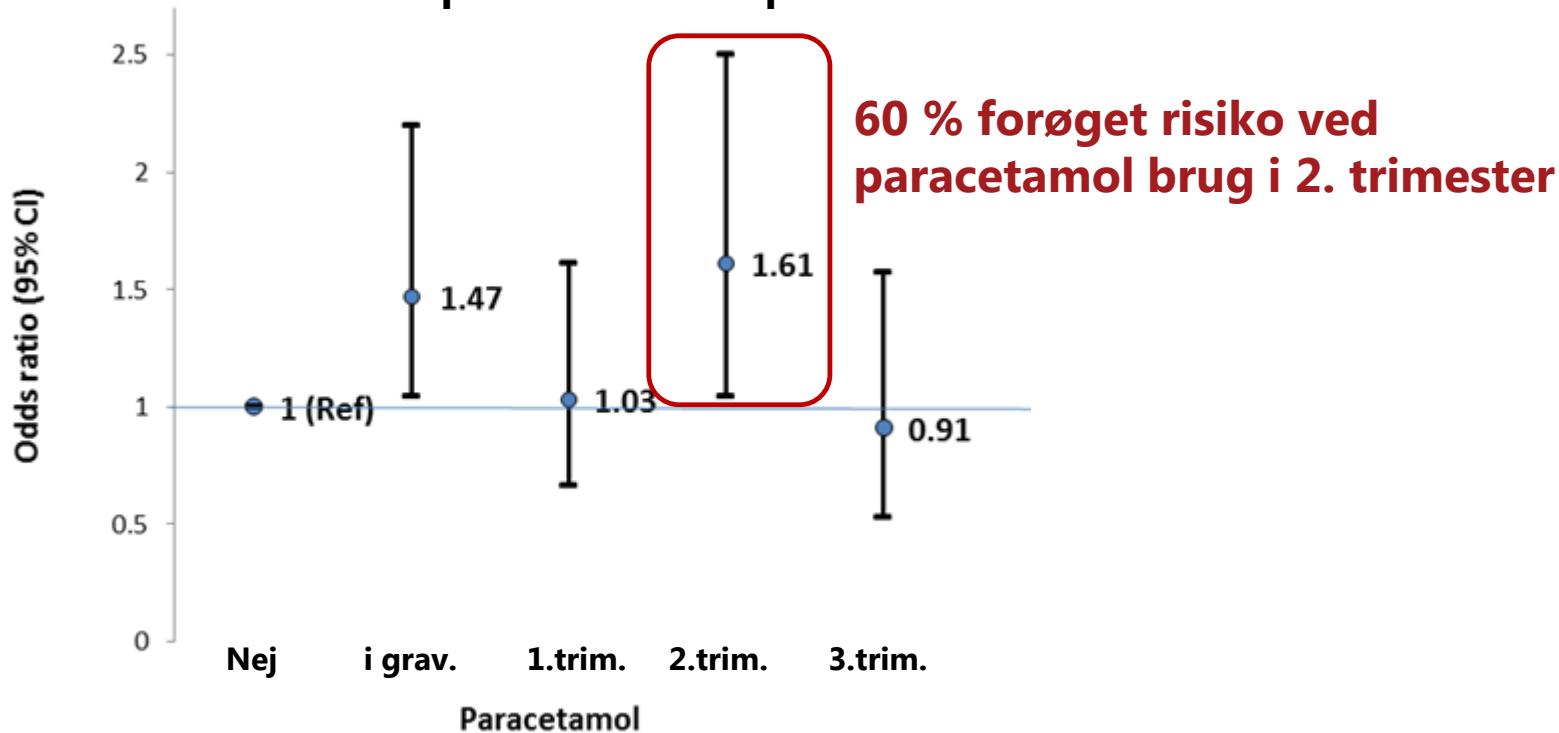
Den norske **mor og barn**-undersøkelsen

(rekryttering 1999-2008)



RESULTATER - MOBAND

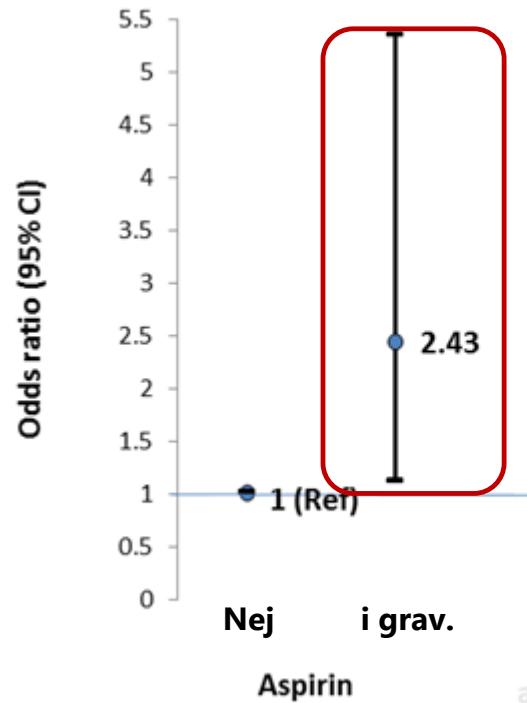
Unilateral spastisk cerebral parese



Inverse probability weighting justeret for fødselsår, maternal erhvervsstatus, body-mass-index, IVF behandling, rygning, brug af andre milde analgetika, luftvejs infektion, feber og urinvejs infection under graviditeten.

RESULTATER - MOBAND

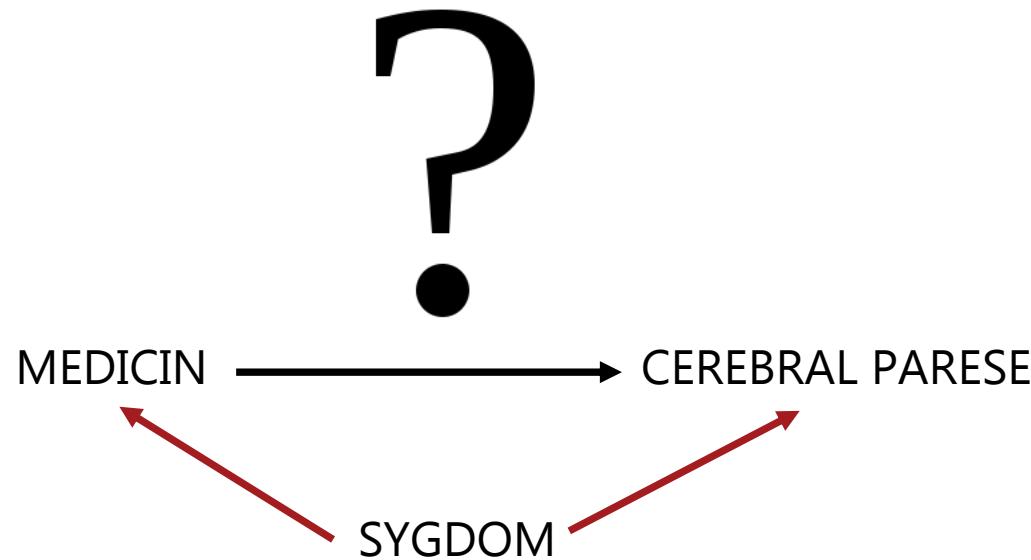
Bilateral spastisk cerebral parese



2,5 gange forøget risiko ved aspirin brug i graviditeten

Inverse probability weighting justeret for fødselsår, maternal erhvervsstatus, body-mass-index, IVF behandling, rygning, brug af andre milde analgetika, luftvejs infektion, feber og urinvejs infection under graviditeten.

BEGRÆNSNINGER



MATERNEL THYROID SYGDOM

Petersen *et al.* BMC Pediatrics (2018) 18:181
<https://doi.org/10.1186/s12887-018-1152-5>

BMC Pediatrics

RESEARCH ARTICLE

Open Access

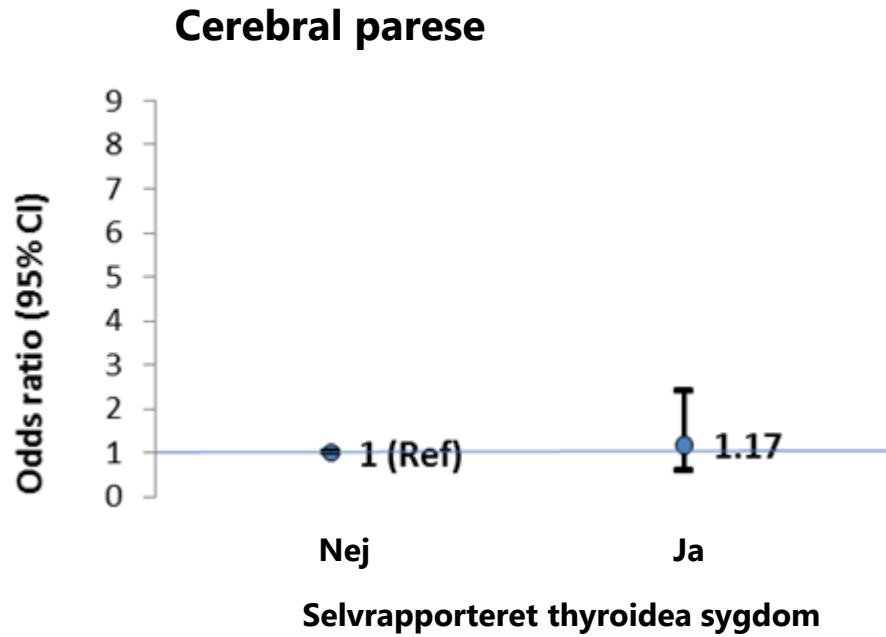
Maternal thyroid disorder in pregnancy and risk of cerebral palsy in the child: a population-based cohort study



CrossMark

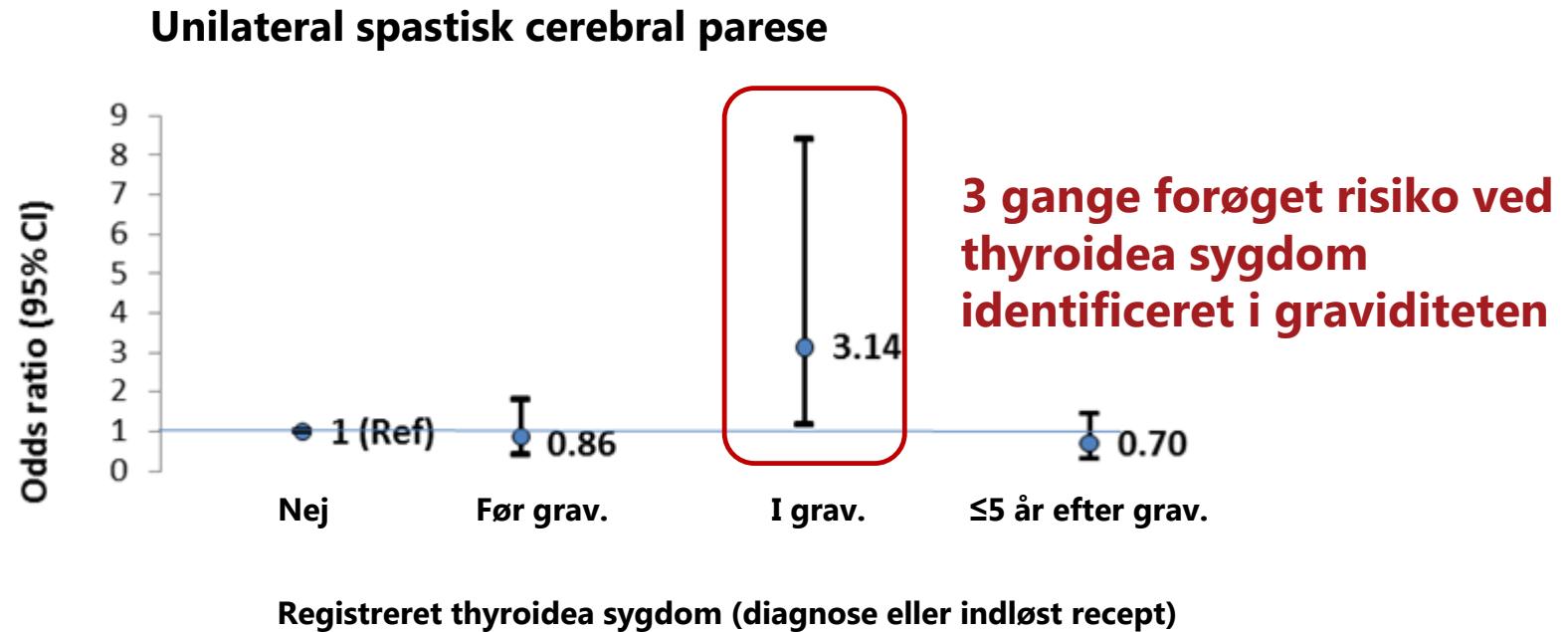
Tanja Gram Petersen^{1*} ID, Anne-Marie Nybo Andersen¹, Peter Uldall², Nigel Paneth³, Ulla Feldt-Rasmussen⁴, Mette Christophersen Tollånes⁵ and Katrine Strandberg-Larsen¹

RESULTATER - MOBAND



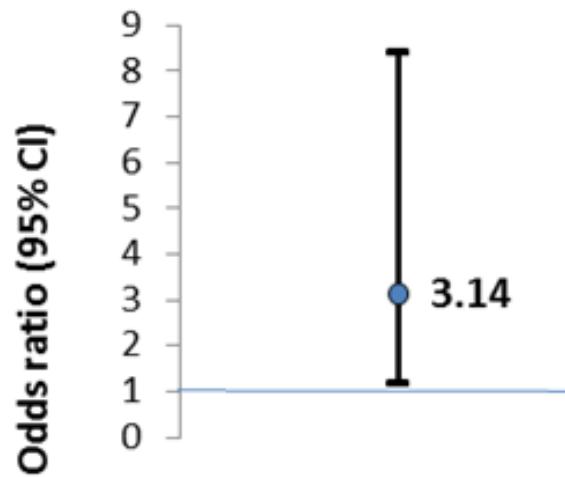
Multipel logistisk regression justret for fødselsår, maternal alder, maternal diabetes, marternal uddannelsesniveau, rygning og alkohol indtag i graviditeten

RESULTATER – Register baseret

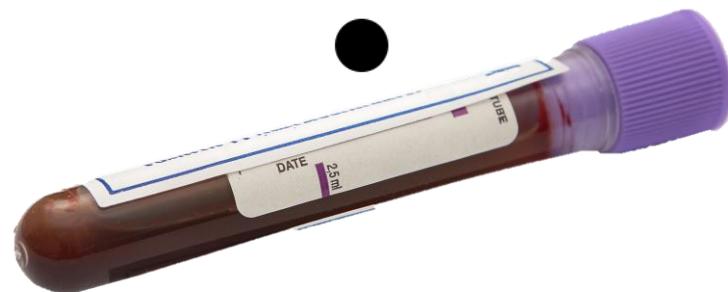


Multipel logistisk regression justret for fødselsår, maternel alder, maternel diabetes, marternel uddannelsesniveau, rygning og alkohol indtag i graviditeten

BEGRÆNSNINGER



?



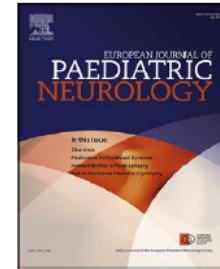
Efterkommere af immigranter



ELSEVIER



Official Journal of the European Paediatric Neurology Society



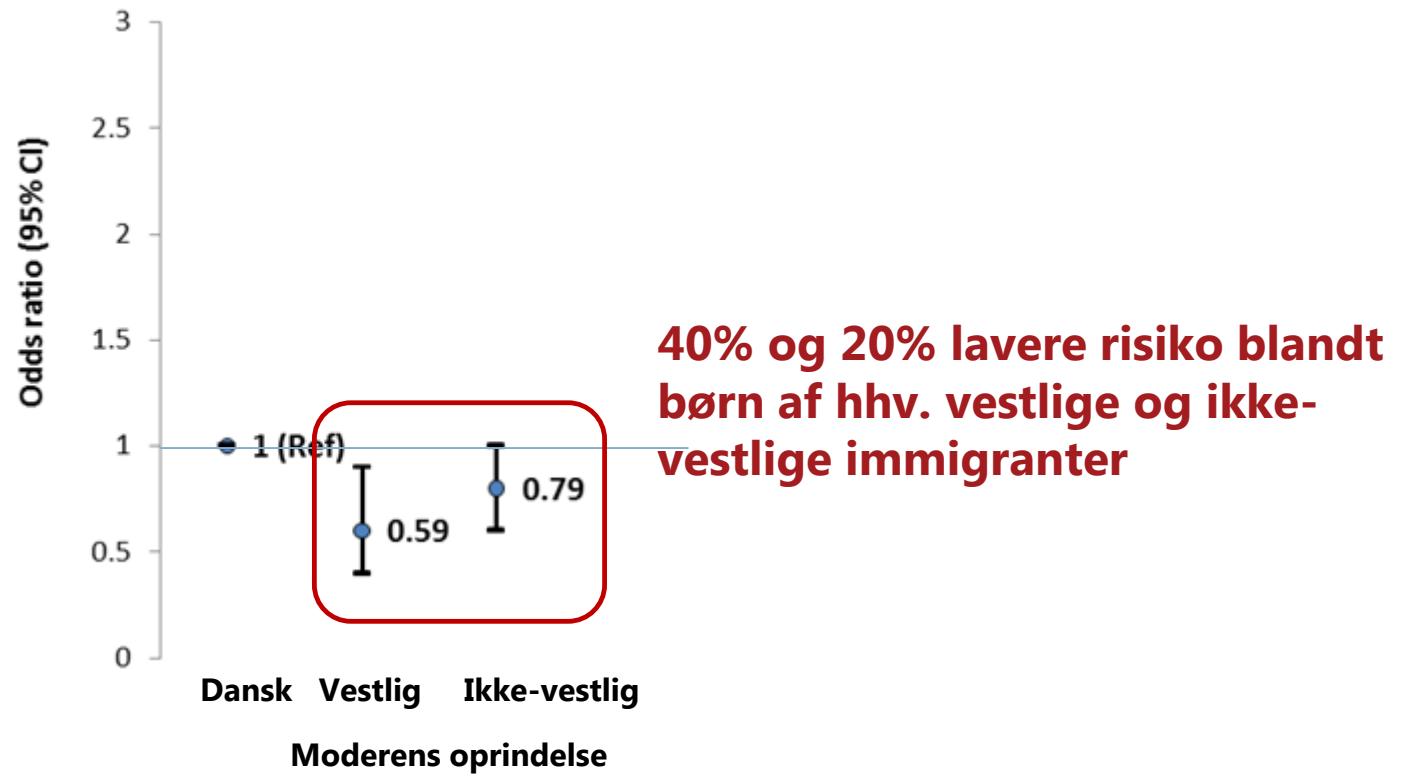
Original article

Cerebral palsy among children of immigrants in Denmark and the role of socioeconomic status

Tanja Gram Petersen ^{a,*}, Ingeborg Forthun ^{b,c}, Theis Lange ^a,
Sarah Fredsted Villadsen ^a, Anne-Marie Nybo Andersen ^a, Peter Uldall ^d,
Katrine Strandberg-Larsen ^a

RESULTATER – Register baseret

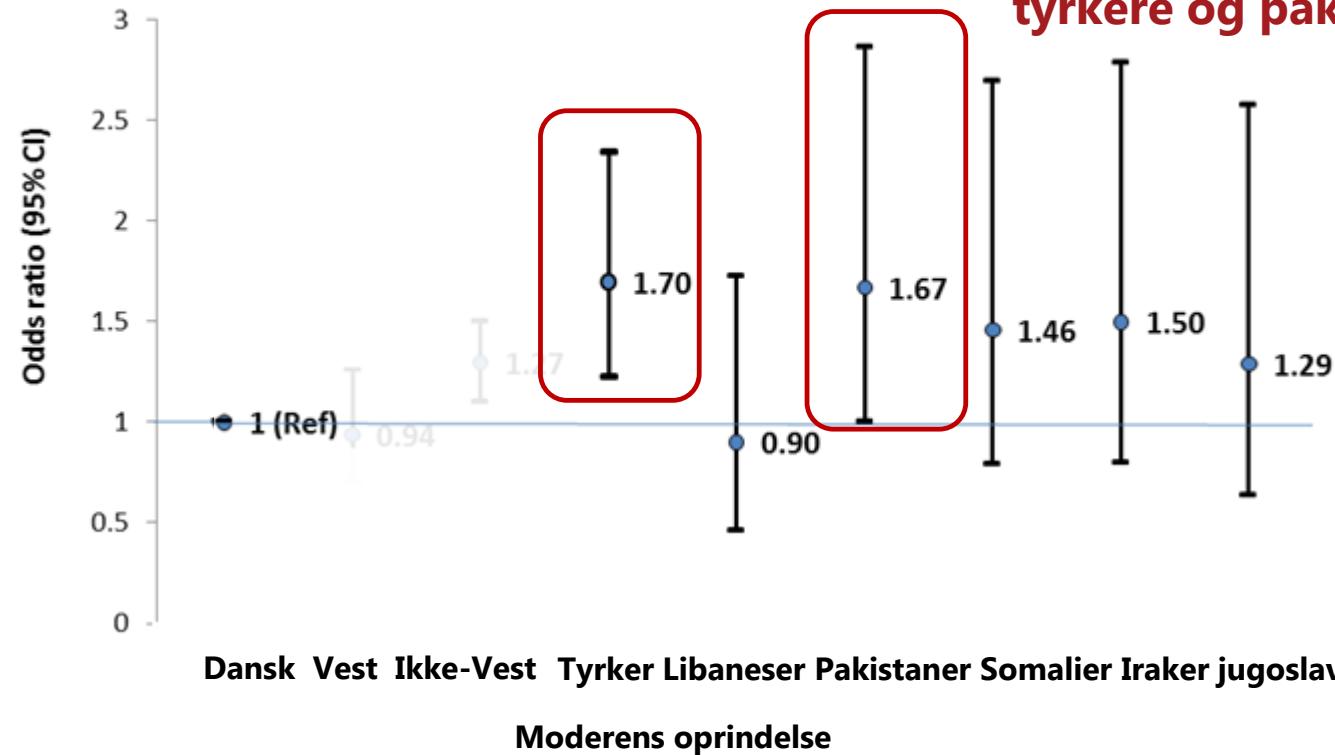
Unilateral spastisk cerebral parese



Multipel logistisk regression justret for fødselsår

RESULTATER – Register baseret

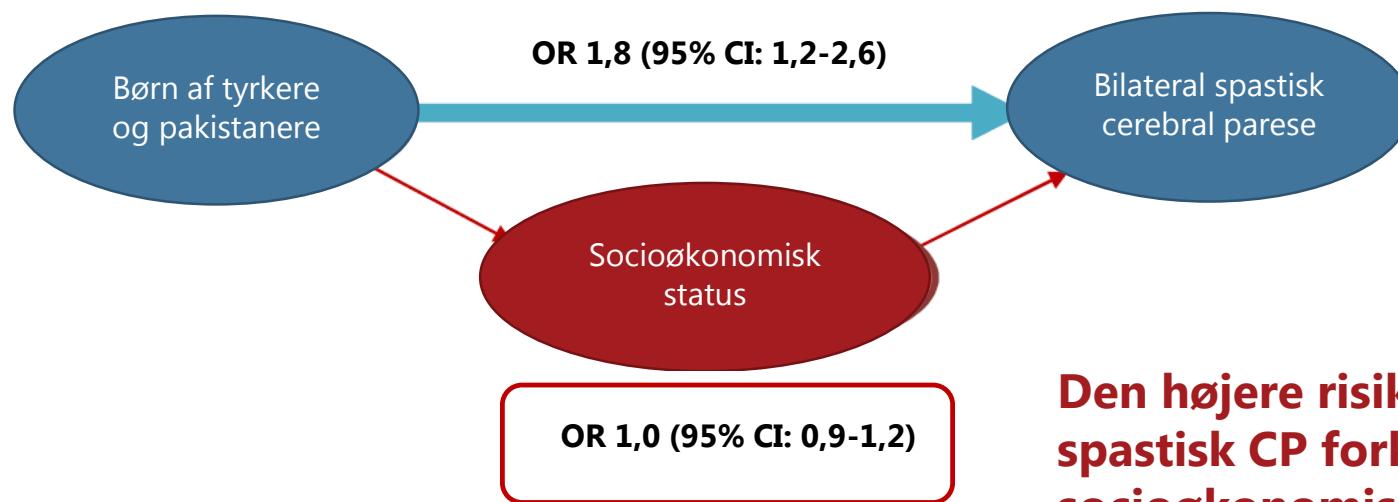
Bilateral spastisk cerebral parese



**70% højere risiko blandt børn af
tyrkere og pakistanere**

Multipel logistisk regression justret for fødselsår

Paper IV – Maternal immigrant status and cerebral palsy



Den højere risiko for bilateral spastisk CP forklares ikke af socioøkonomisk status

KONKLUSION

Danske og norske data giver unikke muligheder for at undersøge prænatale risikofaktorer for CP

Disse studier bidrager med mere viden om risikofaktorer for CP – men der er stadig lang vej før vi forstår de fulde årsagsmekanismer

Tak for jeres
opmærksomhed!



BEVICA